



1.	Who was the the founder of the Ramanandi Sampradaya, the largest monastic Hindu renunciant community in modern times?			A
	a.	Ramananda	c.	Mirabai
	b.	Tukaram	d.	Kabir
2.	Who among the following was born into a Rathore royal family of Kudki district of Pali, Rajasthan and was a 16th-century Hindu mystic poet and devotee of A. Krishna?			D
	a.	Ramananda	c.	Tukaram
	b.	Namdeva	d.	Mirabai
3.	Who was known as Iron man of India?			D
	a.	GovindBallabh Pant	c.	Subhash Chandra Bose
	b.	Jawaharlal Nehru	d.	SardarVallabhbhai Patel
4.	The Indian to beat the computers in mathematical wizardry is			D
	a.	Ramanujam	c.	Raja Ramanna
	b.	RinaPanigrahi	d.	Shakunthala Devi
5.	Guru Gopi Krishna was a maestro of which of the following dance forma?			B
	a.	Kuchipudi	c.	Manipuri
	b.	Kathak	d.	Bahratanatyam
6.	Ms. Bachendri Pal had undertaken a unique expedition for focusing attention on which of these?			D
	a.	One Nation one Family	c.	National Integration
	b.	The Girl Child	d.	Sprit of Adventure
7.	Jamini Roy was a famous?			B
	a.	Producer	c.	Dancer
	b.	Painter	d.	Actor
8.	Who is well known collector of artefacts and curios?			C
	a.	Wadeyar	c.	Rabindranath Tagore
	b.	Salar Jung	d.	Motilal Nehru
9.	Who is the Flying Sikh of India?			D
	a.	Mohinder Singh	c.	Ajit Pal Singh
	b.	Joginder Singh	d.	Milkhasingh
10.	Bismillah Khan was associated with?			B
	a.	Sarod	c.	Tabla
	b.	Shehnai	d.	Flute
11.	Dr. V. Kurien is famous in the field of ?			C
	a.	Atomic Power	c.	Dairy development
	b.	poultry farms	d.	Economic Reforms
12.	Who is the father of Geometry?			B
	a.	Aristotle	c.	Pythagoras
	b.	Euclid	d.	Kepler
13.	Which of the following is the author of Sursagar?			B
	a.	Jayadeva	c.	Tulsidas
	b.	Surdas	d.	None of the above



14.	Which of the following was the seventh and the last Peshwa of the Marathas?		D
	a. Bajirao I	c. Madhav Rao II	
	b. Narayan Rao	d. Bajirao II	
15.	Gangasati, a saint poet of the Bhakti tradition composed devotional songs in which of the following language?		C
	a. Marathi	c. Gujarati	
	b. Bengali	d. Tamil	
16.	Who was the guru of Kabir?		D
	a. Namdev	c. Ravidas	
	b. Tukaram	d. Ramananda	
17.	Chaitanya Mahaprabhu was an ascetic Hindu monk and social reformer in 16th century was from		B
	a. Assam	c. Bihar	
	b. Bengal	d. Tamil Nadu	
18.	Who among the following Sufi saint introduced the institution of <i>Langar</i> in the Punjab region?		A
	a. Baba Farid	c. Shah Alam Bukhai	
	b. Saiyid Mummed	d. None of these	
19.	Which one of them was founded by Dharmapala?		B
	a. Nalanda	c. Vallabhi	
	b. Vikramashila	d. None of these	
20.	Which of the following freedom fighters was also a civil rights activist in South Africa		B
	a. Vinayak Damodar Savarkar	c. BG Tilak	
	b. MK Gandhi	d. Motilal Nehru	
21.	Which of the following statements is true about Bhagat Singh i) He was born on March 23 ii) He shot the police officer John Saunders		C
	a. Only i	c. Both i and ii	
	b. Only ii	d. None of the above	
22.	Who was called the Father of the Indian Unrest by the British?		B
	a. MK Gandhi	c. Motilal Nehru	
	b. BG Tilak	d. Bhagat Singh	
23.	Find the name of a book written by Aryabhatta?		C
	a. Astadhyayi	c. Aryabhatiyam	
	b. Navratna	d. Lilawati	
24.	Who succeeded Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel as the 2nd Home minister of India?		C
	a. Abul Kalam Azad	c. C Rajagopalachari	
	b. Madan Mohan Malaviya	d. None of the above	
25.	Do or Die was one of the most powerful slogans of India's freedom struggle. Who gave it?		A
	a. Gandhiji	c. Bal Gangadhar Tilak	
	b. J. L. Nehru	d. Subhash Chandra Bose	



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26.	DadabhaiNaoroji was the first Indian to be appointed as a Professor at Elphinstone College in			A
	a.	Mumbai	c.	Delhi
	b.	London	d.	Stuttgart
27.	Who founded the Deccan Education Society to impart teachings about India culture to India's youth?			B
	a.	DadabhaiNaoroji	c.	Motilal Nehru
	b.	LokmanyaTilak	d.	C Rajagopalachari
28.	Which of the following newspapers was started by Motilal Nehru in 1919?			D
	a.	Voice of India	c.	Young India
	b.	The Leader	d.	Independent
29.	In which year was the Banaras Hindu University established by Madan Mohan Malviya?			B
	a.	1914	c.	1919
	b.	1916	d.	1920
30.	In 1923, who of the following became the youngest person to be elected the President of the Indian National Congress?			B
	a.	Motilal Nehru	c.	LalaLajpatRai
	b.	AbulKalam Azad	d.	M MMalaviya
31.	Lala Lajpat Rai died as a result of injuries during the protest against the visit of –			D
	a.	King George V	c.	Cripps Mission
	b.	Queen Victoria	d.	Simon Commission
32.	Match the parties with their founders			D
	1. Swatantra Party		a. LalaLajpatRai	
	2. Congress Independence Party		b. Motilal Nehru	
	3. Swaraj Party		c. C Rajagopalachari	
	a.	1-c; 2-b; 3-c	c.	1-a; 2-c; 3-b
	b.	1-b; 2-a; 3-c	d.	1-c; 2-a; 3-b
33.	From which place did Madan Mohan Malaviya publish his famous newspaper The Leader?			A
	a.	Allahabad	c.	Aligarh
	b.	Banaras	d.	Delhi
34.	Whose death coincided with the launch of the Non-cooperation Movement in 1920?			B
	a.	DadabhaiNaoroji	c.	GK Gokhale
	b.	LokmanyaTilak	d.	Motilal Nehru
35.	After the Bardoli Satyagraha, the title of 'Sardar' to Vallabhbhai Patel was given by			C
	a.	Jawaharlal Nehru	c.	Mahatma Gandhi
	b.	Motilal Nehru	d.	MaulanaAbulKalam Azad
36.	The Home Rule League was started by			B
	a.	M. K. Gandhi	c.	Ranade
	b.	B. G. Tilak	d.	Veer Savarkar
37.	Who said "You give me blood, I will give you freedom"?			C



	a.	Mahatma Gandhi	c.	Subhash Chandra Bose	
	b.	BalGangadharTilak	d.	Bhagat Singh	
38.	Who of the following was neither captured nor killed by the British?				D
	a.	Tantiya Tope	c.	Jhansi Lakshmibai	
	b.	MangalPandey	d.	Nana Saheb	
39.	To which regiment did MangalPandey belong?				A
	a.	34 Native Infantry	c.	19 Native Infantry	
	b.	7 Oudh Regiment	d.	Madras Regiment	
40.	The History of the War of Indian Independence is a book written by -				A
	a.	Veer Savarkar	c.	Gopal Krishna Gokhale	
	b.	BalGangadharTilak	d.	Bankim Chandra Chatterjee	
41.	Who amongst the following leaders of '1857' was the first to lay down his/her life ?				D
	a.	Kunwar Singh	c.	Rani LaxmiBai of Jhansi	
	b.	Tantiya Tope	d.	MangalPandey	
42.	Who led the rebellion against the British at Lucknow?				C
	a.	ZeenatMahal	c.	Begum HazratMahal	
	b.	Tantiya Tope	d.	Nana Saheb	
43.	At which of the following places was the Rani of Jhansi, Lakshmibai defeated finally by the British?				B
	a.	Badli-ki-serai	c.	Chinhat	
	b.	Kotah-ki-serai	d.	Meerut	
44.	Who of the following was the acting Prime Minister of India twice on the death of Jawaharlal Nehru and LalBahadurShastri?				B
	a.	Purshottam Das Tandon	c.	Morarjee Desai	
	b.	GulzariLal Nanda	d.	Chandrashekhar	
45.	Which Indian Prime Minister was the first to be awarded the Bharat Ratna posthumously?				A
	a.	LalBahadurShastri	c.	Rajiv Gandhi	
	b.	Indira Gandhi	d.	Morarjee Gandhi	
46.	Who was the only Prime Minister of India to be awarded the Nishan-e-Pakistan, Pakistan's highest civilian honour?				B
	a.	AtalBihari Vajpayee	c.	Indira Gandhi	
	b.	Morarji Desai	d.	PV NarasimhaRao	
47.	Who of the following threw a bomb in the Central Legislative Assembly along with Bhagat Singh?				B
	a.	Rajguru	c.	Sukhdev	
	b.	B.K. Dutt	d.	Jatin Das	
48.	Who among the following changed his name to Ram Mohammed Singh Azad to symbolise the unity of religions in India?				D
	a.	Bhagat Singh	c.	Jatindranath Das	
	b.	Surya Sen	d.	Udham Singh	
49.	Who among the following was the youngest of the revolutionaries to be hanged by the British?				C



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	a.	Surya Sen	c.	Khudiram Bose	
	b.	MadanlalDhingra	d.	Udham Singh	
50.	Who of the following assassinated Michael O' Dwyer, the Governor of Punjab during the Jallianwalabagh massacre?				A
	a.	Udham Singh	c.	MadanlalDhingra	
	b.	Khudiram Bose	d.	RamprasadBismil	
51.	Who founded the famous Ghadar Party in America in 1913?				B
	a.	Madame Cama	c.	Rash Behari Bose	
	b.	LalaHardayal	d.	Chandershekhar Azad	
52.	Who of the following is credited with the slogan "March Forward: We are for India; India is for Indians."?				A
	a.	Madame BhikajiCama	c.	Ram Prasad Bismil	
	b.	Subhash Chandra Bose	d.	Rash Bihari Bose	
53.	Mr. Saunders, an Englishman was killed by Bhagat Singh and others in vengeance of				B
	a.	JallianwallaBagh massacre	c.	hanging of Ram Prasad Bismil	
	b.	death of LalaLajpatRai	d.	encounter of Chandershekhar Azad	
54.	For how many days did Mahatma Gandhi's volunteers of the Salt satyagraha walk?				A
	a.	24	c.	12	
	b.	36	d.	6	
55.	The Bhoodan Movement had been started by				D
	a.	M K Gandhi	c.	Jayaprakash Narayan	
	b.	AcharyaKripalani	d.	VinobaBhave	
56.	The father of extremist movement in India is				D
	a.	Motilal Nehru	c.	VallabhBhai Patel	
	b.	Gopal Krishna Gokhale	d.	BalGangadharTilak	
57.	Who among the following freedom fighter opposes the Annie Besant's idea of launching Home Rule Movement?				A
	a.	Gopal Krishna Gokhale	c.	Aurobindo Ghosh	
	b.	Mahatma Gandhi	d.	GangadharTilak	
58.	The earliest nationalist to commit political dacoities (a feature of the later revolutionary movements) was				C
	a.	Jyotiba Phule	c.	Vasudev Balwant Phadke	
	b.	Chapekar brothers	d.	Yatindra Das	
59.	Which of the following leader given the term 'insensate waste' on the burning of the foreign clothes during the Non-Cooperation Movement?				C
	a.	Lord Reading	c.	RabindraNath Tagore	
	b.	Motilal Nehru	d.	Mohammad Ali	
60.	Who, among the following, was the pioneer of social reform movements in 19th century India?				B
	a.	AurobindoGhosh	c.	DevendraNathTegore	
	b.	Raja Ram Mohan Roy	d.	Keshav Chandra Sen	
61.	At the Calcutta session of the Indian National Congress (INC) held in 1906 the flag				B



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	of Swaraj for India was unfurled by		
	a. AO Hume	c. GK Gokhale	
	b. Dadabhai Naoroji	d. Bal Gangadhar Tilak	
62.	Which Party was established by Subhash Chandra Bose after he came out of Indian National Congress?		C
	a. Indian National Army	c. Forward Bloc	
	b. Republican party	d. Socialist Party	
63.	Who among the following headed the Quit India Movement in Satara?		A
	a. Nana Patil	c. Satish Samanta	
	b. Nana Saheb	d. KT Bhashyam	
64.	Who was elected as the president of the Indian Independence League (formed in March 1942) in June 1942?		A
	a. Rashbehari Bose	c. Subhash Chandra Bose	
	b. Aurovindo Gosh	d. None of the above	
65.	Who of the following attended all three round table conferences?		A
	a. B R Ambedkar	c. Gandhiji	
	b. Lala Lajpat Roy	d. Rettamalai Srinivasan	
66.	Who is the founder of the Gupta Dynasty?		C
	a. Vishnugupta	c. Sri Gupta	
	b. Chandragupta I	d. Samudragupta	
67.	Who established the four monasteries Sringeri, Badrinath, Dwarka & Puri?		C
	a. Ramanuj	c. Shankaracharya	
	b. Ashoka	d. Madhav Vidhyaranya	
68.	Which among the following is the oldest dynasty?		A
	a. Maurya	c. Kushan	
	b. Gupta	d. Kanva	
69.	Who was the founder of Vikramshila Vihar?		A
	a. Dharmapala	c. Nagpala	
	b. Gopala	d. Mahipala	
70.	Which emperor wrote the play 'Nagananda' in Sanskrit language?		B
	a. Prabhakara vardhana	c. Chandragupta II	
	b. Harshavardhana	d. Bindusara	
71.	Which of the following Gupta emperors is represented his coins as playing the lute or Veena?		C
	a. Chandragupta-I	c. Samudragupta	
	b. Chandragupta-II	d. Skandagupta	
72.	Who was the founder of Pataliputra?		C
	a. Bimbisara	c. Udayin	
	b. Ajatashatru	d. Kanishka	
73.	Who among the following has written Malavikagnimitram?		D
	a. Pusyamitra Sunga	c. Kautilya	
	b. Banabhatta	d. Kalidasa	
74.	Who was the first Indian astronomer to calculate the time taken by earth to orbit the		C



	sun?		
	a. Aryabhatta	c. Bhaskaracharya	
	b. Ved Bhatnagara	d. Bishu devtampi	
75.	Odisha's World famous Konark Sun Temple was built by		D
	a. Krishnadev Rai	c. Chandragupta	
	b. Ashoka	d. Narasimhadeva	
76.	The first elaborate description of Upanayana Sanskar is found in the		C
	a. Aitareya Brahmana	c. Tandyamaha Brahmana	
	b. Taittiriya Brahmana	d. Shatapatha Brahmana	
77.	Who is known as the Napoleon of India?		C
	a. Srigupta	c. Samudragupta	
	b. Chandragupta	d. Devicharangupta	
78.	Who among the following is seemed to have known the importance of zero?		A
	a. Bhaskaracharya	c. Budhayana	
	b. Aryabhatta	d. chanukya	
79.	A story of Sunahsesha, in which his father Ajigarta is stated to have sold him to Harishchandra, occurs in		
	a. Svetasvatara Upnishad	c. Gopatha Brahmana	D
	b. Brihadaranyaka Upnishad	d. Aitareya Brahmana	
80.	Who wrote the first textbook on Jyotis?		B
	a. Katyayan	c. Patanjali	
	b. Bhrgu	d. Panini	
81.	Who was the priest of the Bharatas in the battle of ten kings?		C
	a. Atri	c. Vasishtha	
	b. Bhrgu	d. Visvamitra	
82.	Bal gangadhar tilak was a freedom fighter of		A
	a. Maharashtra	c. Punjab	
	b. Bengal	d. Gujarat	
83.	_____ was the first female Governor of Independent India.		C
	a. Indira Gandhi	c. Sarojini Naidu	
	b. Mamta Banerjee	d. Indumati Sheth	
84.	Subhash Chandra Bose was born in		A
	a. Odisha	c. Ranchi	
	b. Kolkata	d. Bengal	
85.	Who said 'Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it.'?		D
	a. Sarojini naidu	c. Subhash Chandra bose	
	b. Bhagat sinh	d. Bal gangadhar tilak	
86.	Who was popularly called 'Netaji'?		A
	a. Subhash Chandra bose	c. Mahatma Gandhi	
	b. Lal bahadur shastri	d. Jawaharlal Nehru	
87.	Subhash Chandra Bose visited		D
	a. Singapore	c. Germany	



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	b.	Japan	d.	All of these	
88.		This freedom fighter worked as a teacher before becoming a freedom fighter			A
	a.	Sarijini Naidu	c.	BR Ambedkar	
	b.	Aruna Asaf Ali	d.	Jawahar Lal Nehru	
89.		What was the title given to Sarijini Naidu			D
	a.	Grand Old Lady of freedom Movement	c.	Sardar	
	b.	Chacha	d.	Nightingale of India	
90.		Which of these people was the first Law Minister of independent India?			C
	a.	Mahatma Gandhi	c.	BR Ambedkar	
	b.	Aruna Asaf Ali	d.	Sarijini Naidu	
91.		What was Sardar Patel known as?			A
	a.	Iron Man of India	c.	Grand Old Man of Independence	
	b.	Father of the Nation	d.	Nightingale of India	
92.		Which of these social evils did Dr Ambedkar fight against?			C
	a.	dowry system	c.	untouchability	
	b.	unemployment	d.	gender discrimination	
93.		Who was the first Deputy Prime Minister of independent India?			C
	a.	Sarojini Naidu	c.	Sardar Patel	
	b.	Aruna Asaf Ali	d.	Jawahar Lal Nehru	
94.		Who was the political guru of Subhash Chandra Bose?			D
	a.	M G Ranade	c.	Mahatma Gandhi	
	b.	Gopal Krishna Gokhale	d.	Chittaranjan Das	
95.		The journal, Indian sociologist was founded by?			A
	a.	Shyamji Krishna varma	c.	Bhikhaji rustom cama	
	b.	Madan lal dhangra	d.	None of above	
96.		'Satyamev Jayate' was first recited by			D
	a.	Bankim Chandra chatterjee	c.	Lokmanya tilak	
	b.	Lal bahadur shastri	d.	Madan mohan malavya	
97.		By which name is Jay prakash narayan known?			C
	a.	Lokmanya	c.	Loknayak	
	b.	Lokhitwadi	d.	Lokneta	
98.		Who was the first Indian selected as a member of the British Parliament?			B
	a.	R C Dutt	c.	Rammohan Roy	
	b.	Dadabhai Naoroji	d.	Meghnad Desai	
99.		In the famous trio – Lal Bal Pal – who was Pal?			D
	a.	Bipin lala lajpat rai	c.	Bal gangadhar tilak	
	b.	Bipin gangadhar tilak	d.	Bipin Chandra pal	
100.		Which of the following is called the 'Mother of Indian Revolution'?			C
	a.	Kalpna dutt	c.	Madam bhikhaji cama	
	b.	Annie besant	d.	Pritilata waddedar	
101.		Abhinava bhara a Secret society of the Revolutionaries was organized by			C
	a.	Khudiram Bose	c.	V D Savarkar	



	b.	Prafulla chaki	d.	Bhagat singh	
102.	Which freedom fighter from Bengal stood against the partition of Bengal by the British government?				B
	a.	Lala lajpat rai	c.	Bal gangadhar tilak	
	b.	Bipin Chandra pal	d.	None of the above	
103.	Who is known as the father of Blue Revolution in India?				B
	a.	Vergheese Kurien	c.	Sam Pitroda	
	b.	Hiralal Chaudhary	d.	M S Swaminathan	
104.	Who is known as the father of White Revolution in India?				C
	a.	Hiralal Chaudhary	c.	Jamshed Tata	
	b.	Vergheese Kurien	d.	M S Swaminathan	
105.	Who was also called 'Indian Machiavelli'?				A
	a.	Kautilya	c.	Visakadatta	
	b.	Megasthenes	d.	Chandragupta Maurya	
106.	Which of the following statements about Swami Dayanand Saraswati is INCORRECT?				D
	a.	He authored the book 'Satyarth Prakash'	c.	His birthplace was Gujarat	
	b.	He was the founder of Arya Samaj	d.	He was the founder of Bramho Samaj	
107.	Who was the first Indian woman Awardee of 'Bharat Ratna'?				B
	a.	Sushma Swaraj	c.	Sarojini Naidu	
	b.	Indira Gandhi	d.	Pratima Puri	
108.	Who is considered as the father of Indian Space Programme?				A
	a.	Dr. Vikram A Sarabhai	c.	Dr. Homi J Bhabha	
	b.	Dr. Satish Dhawan	d.	Dr. K Kasturirangan	
109.	Who among the following is/was a famous Tabla player?				C
	a.	TN Krishnan	c.	Alla Rakha	
	b.	Bhimsen Joshi	d.	Hariprasad Chaurasia	
110.	Who wrote famous book 'Discovery of India'?				D
	a.	Mahatma Gandhi	c.	Indira Gandhi	
	b.	Sardar vallabhbhai patel	d.	Jawaharlal nehru	
111.	The book titled 'Social Harmony' is written by				C
	a.	Atal Bihari Vajpayee	c.	Narendra Modi	
	b.	Shyama Prasad Mukharjee	d.	Lal Krishna Advani	
112.	The timeless Indian novel 'Devdas' was written by				D
	a.	Rabindranath tagore	c.	Mirza Ghalib	
	b.	Bankin Chandra chatterjee	d.	Sarat Chandra Chattopadhyay	
113.	Who established the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) of India in 1948?				D
	a.	P K Iyengar	c.	Vikram Sarabhai	
	b.	M R Srinivasan	d.	Homi Bhabha	
114.	_____ is the youngest recipient of the Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award.				D
	a.	Geet sethi	c.	Vishwanathan anand	



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	b.	Virat kohli	d.	Abhinav bindra	
115.	Who is known as the 'Father of Indian Cinema'?				C
	a.	V Shantaram	c.	Dadasaheb phalke	
	b.	Prithvi Raj Kapoor	d.	Satyajit ray	
116.	Dayanand Saraswati was the founder of which of the following missions?				C
	a.	Brahmo Samaj	c.	Arya samaj	
	b.	Chinmaya mission	d.	Prarthana samaj	
117.	Who was the founder of Prarthana Samaj?				A
	a.	Dr. Atmaram Pandurang	c.	Keshab Chandra sen	
	b.	Dayanand Saraswati	d.	Swami Vivekanand	
118.	Which Award was awarded to Wing Commander Abhinandan Varthaman?				A
	a.	Veer Chakra	c.	Kirti Chakra	
	b.	Param Veer Chakra	d.	None of these	
119.	Who was India's first Chief of Defence Staff?				D
	a.	General Vijay Kumar Singh	c.	General manoj mukund naravane	
	b.	General arjan singh	d.	General bipin rawat	
120.	Who was the first Indian to win an individual medal in Olympics?				D
	a.	Milkha Singh	c.	P T Usha	
	b.	Karnam Malleshwari	d.	K D Jadhav	
121.	The first Indian female wrestler to win a medal at Olympics is _____				D
	a.	Geetha Phogat	c.	Vinesh Phogat	
	b.	Babita Kumari	d.	Sakshi Malik	
122.	Neeraj Chopra is associated with which of the following game?				B
	a.	Heptathlon	c.	Tennis	
	b.	Javelin Throw	d.	Wrestling	
123.	The first Indian to swim across English channel (the Atlantic Ocean)was _____.				C
	a.	V Merchant	c.	Mihir Sen	
	b.	P K Banerji	d.	Arati Saha	
124.	Who is the first recipient of Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award				D
	a.	Sunil Gavaskar	c.	Milkha Singh	
	b.	Sachin Tendulkar	d.	Vishwanathan Anand	
125.	Who won the gold medal in 2010 Commonwealth games in 55kg woman wrestling?				B
	a.	Pooja Dhanda	c.	Ambika Guha	
	b.	Geeta Phogat	d.	Sonika Kaliraman	
126.	First sportsperson nominated for Rajya Sabha membership				A
	a.	Sachin Tendulkar	c.	Sunil Gavaskar	
	b.	Milkha Singh	d.	Navjot S Sidhu	
127.	Who is the first Indian woman to win a medal in Olympic?				B
	a.	Sanamacha Chanu	c.	Mary Kom	
	b.	Karnam Malleswari	d.	PT Usha	
128.	What is the name of autobiography of Indian Hockey wizard Dhyan Chand?				C
	a.	Playing with Fire	c.	Goal	
	b.	My life in Hockey	d.	Score	



129.	Who is the only cricketer to score a century in the debut match of Ranji Trophy, Duleep Trophy and Irani Trophy?	B
	a. Sunil Gavaskar	c. Mohammad Azharuddin
	b. Sachin Tendulkar	d. Kapil Dev
130.	The Sage who is said to have Aryanised South India, was	C
	a. Yagnavalkya	c. Agastya
	b. Vashistha	d. Vishwamitra
131.	Who compiled the tales of "The Panchatantra"?	C
	a. Valmiki	c. Vishnu Sharma
	b. Veda Vyasa	d. Tulsidas
132.	Which sage or scholar had recast the original single Veda into four distinct Vedas?	C
	a. Patanjali	c. Vyasa
	b. Kapila	d. Shankaracharya
133.	The priest associated with King Videgha Madhava referred in Shatapatha Brahmana was	D
	a. Rishi Bhardwaj	c. Rishi Vashishta
	b. Rishi Vishwamitra	d. Rishi Gautama Rahugana
134.	King Asvapati of the Upanishadic period was the ruler of	B
	a. Kashi	c. Panchala
	b. Kekaya	d. Videha
135.	Who among the following Vedic deities was believed to be their priest?	B
	a. Agni	c. Dyaus
	b. Brihaspati	d. Indra
136.	Who composed the Gayatri Mantra?	D
	a. Vasishtha	c. Indra
	b. Parikshit	d. Vishwamitra
137.	The Hollywood movie titled 'The man who knew infinity' is based on the biography of	A
	a. S. Ramanujan	c. Sakuntala devi
	b. S. Chandrashekhara	d. Isaac Newton
138.	Who had composed the original Ramayana?	A
	a. Rishi Valmiki	c. Sant Ek Nath
	b. Tulsi Das	d. Anhinanda
139.	Who is also identified as the author of the Nyaya Sutra?	B
	a. Brihaspati	c. Patanjali
	b. Gautama	d. Kapil Muni
140.	Charvaka School foundation is laid by?	
	a. Gautama	c. Kanada
	b. Kapil Muni	d. Brihaspati
141.	Samkhya, is one of the six philosophical schools of ancient India. Its founder is	B
	a. Patanjali	c. Gautama
	b. Kapila	d. Jaimini
142.	Who among the following is associated with the Vaisheshika school of Indian	A

	philosophy?	
a.	Maharishi Kanad	c. Ramanujan
b.	Pakudha Kaccayana	d. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan
143.	Who has advocated 'Practical Vedanta'?	D
a.	Dayanand	c. Gandhi
b.	Raja Rammohan Roy	d. Vivekananda
144.	Who was the founder of Visistadvaita Siddhanta?	D
a.	Vallabhacharya	c. Madhavacharya
b.	Srikanthacharya	d. Ramanujacharya
145.	Bhagavad Gita was said to have been compiled by	C
a.	Shankaracharya	c. Veda Vyasa
b.	Madhvacharya	d. Vallabhacharya
146.	Who was the writer of 'Buddha Charita'?	B
a.	Buddhaghosha	c. Nagarjuna
b.	Ashvaghosha	d. Panini
147.	"Oudumbar" (Kaushik Gotra) associates with which monk	C
a.	Vashistha	c. Vishwamitra
b.	Bhrigu	d. Parashar
148.	Who was the chief advisor of Arya King Divodas?	A
a.	Rishi Bhardwaj	c. Kapil Muni
b.	Panini	d. Megasthenes
149.	Name the rishi who cursed Pandu	C
a.	Rishi Durvasa	c. Rishi Kindam
b.	Rishi Valmiki	d. Rishi Vyasa
150.	Who among the following was not a doctor?	A
a.	Charvak	c. Sushruta
b.	Dhanvantari	d. Charak